Executive Skills Questionnaire —

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Step I: Read each item below and then rate that item based on the extent to which you agree or disagree with how well it describes you. Use the rating scale below to choose the appropriate score. Then add the three scores in each section. Use the Key on page 2 to determine your executive skill strengths (2-3 highest scores) and weaknesses (2-3 lowest scores).

Strongly disagree	1	Tend to agree	5
Disagree	2	Agree	6
Tend to disagree	3	Strongly agree	7
Neutral	4		

Ite	n		Your score
1.	I don't jump to conclusions		
2.	I think before I speak.		
3.	I don't take action without having all the facts.		
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
4. 5. 6.	I have a good memory for facts, dates, and details. I am very good at remembering the things I have committed to do I seldom need reminders to complete tasks		<u> </u>
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
7. 8. 9.	My emotions seldom get in the way when performing on the job. Little things do not affect me emotionally or distract me from the I can defer my personal feelings until after a task has been comple		<u> </u>
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
11.	I take unexpected events in stride. I easily adjust to changes in plans and priorities. I consider myself to be flexible and adaptive to change.		<u> </u>
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
13.	I find it easy to stay focused on my work.		
	Once I start an assignment, I work diligently until it's completed.	iah at hand	
13	Even when interrupted, I find it easy to get back and complete the	e job at nand.	
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
16.	No matter what the task, I believe in getting started as soon as possible.		
	Procrastination is usually not a problem for me.		
18.	I seldom leave tasks to the last minute		
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
20.	When I plan out my day, I identify priorities and stick to them When I have a lot to do, I can easily focus on the most important t I typically break big tasks down into subtasks and timelines.	hings .	_
		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	

Strongly disagree	1	Tend to agree	5
Disagree	2	Agree	6
Tend to disagree	3	Strongly agree	7
Neutral	4		

Item				Your score
22. I am an organized person.				
23. It is natural for me to keep my work area neat and organized.				
24. I am good at m	aintaining systems for organizing	g my work.		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
25. At the end of t	he day, I've usually finished wha	t I set out to do.		
26. I am good at es	stimating how long it takes to do	something.		
27. I am usually or	time for appointments and activ	vities.		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
			TOOK TOTAL SCOKE.	
28. I routinely eval	uate my performance and devise	e methods for		
personal impro				
	ep back from a situation in order	to make objecti	ive	
decisions.				
30. I "read" situation	ons well and can adjust my beha	vior based on th	ne reactions of others.	
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
31. I think of mysel	f as being driven to meet my goa	ıls.		
32. I easily give up	immediate pleasures to work or	ı long-term goal	S.	
33. I believe in set	ting and achieving high levels of	performance.		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
				
	g in a highly demanding, fast-pac		t.	
	unt of pressure helps me to perfo	-		
36. Jobs that include	de a fair degree of unpredictabili	ty appeal to me		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	
		KEY		
Items	Executive Skill	Items	Executive Skill	
1-3	Response Inhibition	4 - 6	Working Memory	
7 - 9	Emotional Control	10 - 12	Flexibility	
13 - 15	Sustained Attention	16 - 18	Task Initiation	
19 - 21	Planning/Prioritizing	22 - 24	Organization	
25 - 27	Time Management	28 - 30	Metacognition	
31 - 33	Goal-Directed Persistence	34-36	Stress tolerance	
Strongest Skills		Weal	kest Skills	
- 0				

Executive Skill Definitions

- **Response Inhibition:** The capacity to think before you act this ability to resist the urge to say or do something allows us the time to evaluate a situation and how our behavior might impact it.
- Working Memory: The ability to hold information in memory while performing complex tasks. It incorporates the ability to draw on past learning or experience to apply to the situation at hand or to project into the future.
- **Emotional Control:** The ability to manage emotions in order to achieve goals, complete tasks, or control and direct behavior.
- **Flexibility:** The ability to revise plans in the face of obstacles, setbacks, new information or mistakes. It relates to an adaptability to changing conditions.
- **Sustained Attention:** The capacity to maintain attention to a situation or task in spite of distractibility, fatigue, or boredom.
- **Task Initiation:** The ability to begin projects without undue procrastination, in an efficient or timely fashion.
- **Planning/Prioritization:** The ability to create a roadmap to reach a goal or to complete a task. It also involves being able to make decisions about what's important to focus on and what's not important.
- Organization: The ability to create and maintain systems to keep track of information or materials.
- **Time Management:** The capacity to estimate how much time one has, how to allocate it, and how to stay within time limits and deadlines. It also involves a sense that time is important.
- Goal-directed persistence: The capacity to have a goal, follow through to the completion of the goal, and not be put off by or distracted by competing interests.
- **Metacognition:** The ability to stand back and take a birds-eye view of oneself in a situation. It is an ability to observe how you problem solve. It also includes self-monitoring and self-evaluative skills (e.g., asking yourself, "How am I doing? or How did I do?").
- **Stress Tolerance:** the ability to thrive in stressful situations and to cope with uncertainty, change, and performance demands.

EXECUTIVE SKILL	POSITIVE EXAMPLE	NEGATIVE EXAMPLE
RESPONSE INHIBITION		
WORKING MEMORY		
EMOTIONAL CONTROL		
FLEXIBILITY		
SUSTAINED ATTENTION		
TASK INITIATION		
PLANNING/PRIORITIZING		
ORGANIZATION		
TIME MANAGEMENT		
GOAL-DIRECTED PERSISTENCE		
METACOGNITION		

EXECUTIVE SKILLS BEHAVIORAL DESCRIPTORS

- 1. Brings gym clothes on days student has gym class.
- 2. Homework and worksheets may be placed in any number of notebooks, books, or folders.
- 3. Sharpens pencil, chats with classmates or takes long bathroom breaks before getting down to work on in-class math assignment.
- 4. Able to do classroom presentations despite fear of public speaking.
- 5. Wants to make the 1st string soccer team but can't bring himself to practice ball handling skills.
- 6. Figures out the steps to follow to get a summer job.
- 7. Decides to improve math grade and increases study time for tests and guizzes.
- 8. Out of seat frequently during independent work time.
- 9. Takes notes in lecture classes and asks relevant questions.
- 10. Builds in extra time to complete a given task knowing there could be an interruption.
- 11. Struggles with creative writing assignment because can't think of anything to write about.
- 12. Does work carefully and checks answers before handing in test/assignment.
- 13. Writes down homework but doesn't think to check assignment book when gets home.
- 14. Chronically late for school.
- 15. Finishes an entire homework assignment before taking a break.
- 16. Shuts down when criticized by teacher
- 17. Student places documents in appropriately labeled folders on her computer.
- 18. Frequently makes faulty assumptions about assignment directions and doesn't check with teacher before starting the assignment.
- 19. Friend bails on afterschool activity; student adjusts with back-up plan.
- 20. Says rude or hurtful things to kids.
- 21. Starts homework without prompting from adult.
- 22. Given 4 homework assignments on a given night, can't figure out what to do first.

Intervention Planning Form

Student Strengths: Identify a few of the student's strengths or positive traits, particularly noting any executive skill strengths the student may have. Also include the student's interests.	
Problem Description: Which problem behavior should be targeted?	
Executive Skill(s): What skills do you think might be involved?	
Setting: Where, when, or under what circumstances does the behavior usually occur?	
Where to Start—If you could select one setting or activity or change one small part of the student's behavior that would lead you to say, "This is better," what would that be?	
Possible Strategies student might use. Think about environmental modifications, cues, visual imagery, checklists, smart phone apps, self-talk, mental rehearsal, etc. Examples of environmental modifications: Change physical or social environment (e.g., add physical barriers, reduce distractions, provide organizational structures, visual cues, etc.) Modify the task (e.g., make shorter, build in breaks, give something to look forward to, create a schedule, build in choice, make the task more fun, etc.) Change the way adults interact with the student (e.g., rehearsal, prompts, reminders, coaching, praise, debriefing, feedback)	
Possible Motivator—What would help the student be more likely to try? Can you use a simple reward system? Alternate between preferred and non-preferred activities? Have student identify something to look forward to doing when the task (or a piece of the task) is done Other ideas?	
Visual to Show Progress—What visual feedback can you give the student so he/she can clearly see that progress is being made? Graph? Checklist? Behavior counts? Tracking grades on tests? Other ideas?	